Case: 1:21-cv-01978-JG Doc #: 1-3 Filed: 10/19/21 1 of 3. PageID #: 20 U.S. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

EEOC Form 161-B (11/2020)

## NOTICE OF RIGHT TO SUE (ISSUED ON REQUEST)

To:		lerritt ranklin Church Road wich, OH 44837		From:	Cleveland Field Off EEOC, AJC Fed Bld 1240 E 9th St, Ste 3 Cleveland, OH 4419	lg 001
		On behalf of person(s) aggrieved whos CONFIDENTIAL (29 CFR §1601.7(a))	e identity is			
EEO	C Charge	No.	EEOC Representative			Telephone No.
532	-2021-0	1068	Sabrina A. Austin, Investigator			(216) 306-1135
Nome		E PERSON AGGRIEVED:	(S	ee also	the additional informat	ion enclosed with this form.)
Title Act ( been of yo	VII of the GINA): issued a pur received	e Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Am This is your Notice of Right to Sue, is at your request. Your lawsuit under pt of this notice; or your right to su be different.)	ssued under Title VII, the ADA Title VII, the ADA or GINA <b>mu</b> :	or GINA st be file	based on the above- ed in a federal or sta	numbered charge. It has te court <u>WITHIN 90 DAYS</u>
	More than 180 days have passed since the filing of this charge.					
	Less than 180 days have passed since the filing of this charge, but I have determined that it is unlikely that the EEOC will be able to complete its administrative processing within 180 days from the filing of this charge.					
	The EEOC is terminating its processing of this charge.					
		The EEOC will continue to process	this charge.			
Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA): You may sue under the ADEA at any time from 60 days after the charge was filed until 90 days after you receive notice that we have completed action on the charge. In this regard, the paragraph marked below applies to your case:						
	The EEOC is closing your case. Therefore, your lawsuit under the ADEA <b>must be filed in federal or state court WITHIN</b> 90 DAYS of your receipt of this Notice. Otherwise, your right to sue based on the above-numbered charge will be lost.					
	The EEOC is continuing its handling of your ADEA case. However, if 60 days have passed since the filing of the charge, you may file suit in federal or state court under the ADEA at this time.					
<b>Equal Pay Act (EPA):</b> You already have the right to sue under the EPA (filing an EEOC charge is not required.) EPA suits must be brought in federal or state court within 2 years (3 years for willful violations) of the alleged EPA underpayment. This means that <b>backpay due for any violations that occurred <u>more than 2 years (3 years)</u> before you file suit may not be collectible.</b>						
If you file suit, based on this charge, please send a copy of your court complaint to this office.						
On behalf of the Commission						
			Dana R.H	-th	_	August 5, 2021
Enclosures(s)			Dana R. Hu Deputy Dire	•		(Date Issued)
cc:	6	B MANUFACTURING & FABRICA 0 Scott Street hiloh, OH 44878		THE SP 25200 (	n Shattuck PITZ LAW FIRM Chagrin Blvd - Suite	200

Amy Luck, Attorney ROBISON, CURPHEY & O'CONNELL, LLC 4 Seagate, Floor 9

**Toledo, OH 43604** 

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Enclosure with EEOC Form 161-B (11/2020)

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FILING SUIT UNDER THE LAWS ENFORCED BY THE EEOC

(This information relates to filing suit in Federal or State court <u>under Federal law</u>.

If you also plan to sue claiming violations of State law, please be aware that time limits and other provisions of State law may be shorter or more limited than those described below.)

**PRIVATE SUIT RIGHTS** 

Title VII of the Civil Rights Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act (GINA), or the Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA):

In order to pursue this matter further, you must file a lawsuit against the respondent(s) named in the charge <u>within</u> <u>90 days</u> of the date you *receive* this Notice. Therefore, you should keep a record of this date. Once this 90-day period is over, your right to sue based on the charge referred to in this Notice will be lost. If you intend to consult an attorney, you should do so promptly. Give your attorney a copy of this Notice, and its envelope or record of receipt, and tell him or her the date you received it. Furthermore, in order to avoid any question that you did not act in a timely manner, it is prudent that your suit be filed within 90 days of the date this Notice was *issued* to you (as indicated where the Notice is signed) or the date of the postmark or record of receipt, if later.

Your lawsuit may be filed in U.S. District Court or a State court of competent jurisdiction. (Usually, the appropriate State court is the general civil trial court.) Whether you file in Federal or State court is a matter for you to decide after talking to your attorney. Filing this Notice is not enough. You must file a "complaint" that contains a short statement of the facts of your case which shows that you are entitled to relief. Your suit may include any matter alleged in the charge or, to the extent permitted by court decisions, matters like or related to the matters alleged in the charge. Generally, suits are brought in the State where the alleged unlawful practice occurred, but in some cases can be brought where relevant employment records are kept, where the employment would have been, or where the respondent has its main office. If you have simple questions, you usually can get answers from the office of the clerk of the court where you are bringing suit, but do not expect that office to write your complaint or make legal strategy decisions for you.

### PRIVATE SUIT RIGHTS -- Equal Pay Act (EPA):

EPA suits must be filed in court within 2 years (3 years for willful violations) of the alleged EPA underpayment: back pay due for violations that occurred **more than 2 years (3 years) before you file suit** may not be collectible. For example, if you were underpaid under the EPA for work performed from 7/1/08 to 12/1/08, you should file suit before 7/1/10 – not 12/1/10 -- in order to recover unpaid wages due for July 2008. This time limit for filing an EPA suit is separate from the 90-day filing period under Title VII, the ADA, GINA or the ADEA referred to above. Therefore, if you also plan to sue under Title VII, the ADA, GINA or the ADEA, in addition to suing on the EPA claim, suit must be filed within 90 days of this Notice and within the 2- or 3-year EPA back pay recovery period.

#### ATTORNEY REPRESENTATION -- Title VII, the ADA or GINA:

If you cannot afford or have been unable to obtain a lawyer to represent you, the U.S. District Court having jurisdiction in your case may, in limited circumstances, assist you in obtaining a lawyer. Requests for such assistance must be made to the U.S. District Court in the form and manner it requires (you should be prepared to explain in detail your efforts to retain an attorney). Requests should be made well before the end of the 90-day period mentioned above, because such requests do <u>not</u> relieve you of the requirement to bring suit within 90 days.

#### ATTORNEY REFERRAL AND EEOC ASSISTANCE -- All Statutes:

You may contact the EEOC representative shown on your Notice if you need help in finding a lawyer or if you have any questions about your legal rights, including advice on which U.S. District Court can hear your case. If you need to inspect or obtain a copy of information in EEOC's file on the charge, please request it promptly in writing and provide your charge number (as shown on your Notice). While EEOC destroys charge files after a certain time, all charge files are kept for at least 6 months after our last action on the case. Therefore, if you file suit and want to review the charge file, **please make your review request within 6 months** of this Notice. (Before filing suit, any request should be made within the next 90 days.)

IF YOU FILE SUIT, PLEASE SEND A COPY OF YOUR COURT COMPLAINT TO THIS OFFICE.

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